

Signal Words

In academic writing, transition (signal) words guide the reader between evidence and our own ideas. These words help to introduce a quotation or paraphrase.

Argues in favor – provides reasoning

Says - introduces information.

or evidence that supports a position. Comments Discloses Affirms Discusses Argues Asserts Divulges **Explains** Attests Informs **Believes Mentions** Confirms Contends Notes Remarks Declares Reports Defends States Holds Specifies Insists Writes Maintains Offers Proclaims **Shows** – introduces evidence. Proposes Conveys Reasons Demonstrates Upholds Describes Verifies **Emphasizes** Expresses Argues against – provides reasoning Illustrates or evidence that opposes a position. Indicates Reveals Attacks Points out Challenges Contradicts Criticizes **Agrees** – shares a belief about a position. Debates Assents Denies Concurs Differs Parallels Disagrees Relates Disputes Supports Dissents Objects Opposes Rebuts Refutes



States erroneously – uses unsound

evidence or reasoning.

Alleges Assumes Claims Figures Gathers Indicates Infers Presumes Supposes Surmises

Implies – presents information indirectly or tentatively.

Alludes to Insinuates Suggests

Yields – agrees that a conflicting point is valid.

Accepts Acknowledges Admits Agrees Allows Concedes Considers Grants Qualifies Recognizes Warrants

Continues – develops evidence about the same argument.

Adds Clarifies Persists Proceeds States further

Concludes – draws a conclusion from previous discussion.

Decides Determines Discovers Finds

<u>Other</u>

- **Discerns** (makes a distinction)
- Examines (looks at closely)
- Explores (discusses in detail)
- Identifies (makes a distinction)
- **Observes** (makes an observation)
- Reflects (thinks deeply about)